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13	THOMAS SLAWAN				
14	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT			
15					
16	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA WESTERN DIVISION				
17	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE	Case No. 2:15-cv-07425 RGK (PLAx)			
18	COMMISSION,	ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO			
19	Plaintiff,	Judge R. Gary Klausner			
20	v.	NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR AUTHORITY TO			
21	STEVE CHEN, USFIA, INC., ALLIANCE FINANCIAL GROUP,	PURSUE CLAIMS AGAINST WEI HE, THE WEI HE TRUST DATED			
22	INC., AMAUCTION, INC., ABORELL MGMT I, LLC, ABORELL ADVISORS	JULY 1, 2005, AHOMELAND, INC., AND GOLDEN ARK, INC.			
23	I, LLC, ABORELL REIT II, LLC, AHOME REAL ESTATE, LLC,	Date: November 20, 2017			
24	ALLIANCE NGN, INC., APOLLO RIET I, INC., APOLLO REIT II, LLC,	Time: 9:00 a.m. Ctrm: 850			
25	ÁMKEY, INC., US CHINA CONSULTATION ASSOCIATION, and	Complaint Filed: September 28, 2015			
26	QUAIL RANCH GOLF COURSE, LLC,				
27	Defendants.				
28					

1	TO ALL INTERESTED PARTIES:
2	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on November 20, 2017, at 9:00 a.m. in
3	Courtroom 850 of the above-entitled Court, located at 255 E. Temple Street, Los
4	Angeles, California 90012, Thomas Seaman ("Receiver"), the Court-appointed
5	permanent receiver for Defendants USFIA, Inc., Alliance Financial Group, Inc.,
6	Amauction, Inc., Aborell Mgmt I, LLC, Aborell Advisors I, LLC, Aborell
7	REIT II, LLC, Ahome Real Estate, LLC, Alliance NGN, Inc., Apollo REIT I, Inc.,
8	Apollo REIT II, LLC, Amkey, Inc., US China Consultation Association, Quail
9	Ranch Golf Course, LLC, and their subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively,
10	"Receivership Entities"), will and hereby does move the Court for authority to
11	pursue claims against Wei He, the Wei He Trust dated July 1, 2005, Ahomeland,
12	LLC, Golden Ark, Inc., and any other persons or entities related to or affiliated with
13	Wei He who received improper transfers from the Receivership Entities.
14	The Motion is based on this Notice of Motion and Motion, the attached
15	Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the Declarations of Thomas Seaman and
16	Tim C. Hsu, the documents and pleadings already on file in this action, and upon
17	such further oral and documentary evidence as may be presented at the time of the
18	hearing.
19	<u>Procedural Requirements</u> : If you oppose this Motion, you are required to
20	file your written opposition with the Office of the Clerk, United States District
21	Court, 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California 90012 and serve the same
22	on the undersigned not later than twenty-one (21) calendar days prior to the hearing.
23	IF YOU FAIL TO FILE AND SERVE A WRITTEN OPPOSITION by the
24	above date, the Court may grant the requested relief without further notice. This
25	Motion is made following the conference of counsel pursuant to L.R. 7-3.
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28	

	Dated: October	17, 2017	ALLEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE MALLORY & NATSIS LLP
2			MALLORY & NATSIS LLP DAVID R. ZARO EDWARD G. FATES TIM C. HSU
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5			By: /s/ Tim C. Hsu TIM C. HSU
6			Attorneys for Court-appointed Receiver THOMAS SEAMAN
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LAW OFFICES

Allen Matkins Leck Gamble
Mallory & Natsis LLP

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Gamble LLP					

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

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3 This Motion seeks authority for Thomas A. Seaman ("Receiver"), the Courtappointed permanent receiver for Defendants USFIA, Inc., Alliance Financial 4 Group, Inc., Amauction, Inc., Aborell Mgmt I, LLC, Aborell Advisors I, LLC, 5 Aborell REIT II, LLC, Ahome Real Estate, LLC, Alliance NGN, Inc., Apollo 6 7 REIT I, Inc., Apollo REIT II, LLC, Amkey, Inc., US China Consultation 8 Association, Quail Ranch Golf Course, LLC, and their subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively, "Receivership Entities"), to pursue fraudulent transfer and disgorgement claims against Defendant Steve Chen's ex-wife, Wei He, her trust, the 10 Wei He Trust dated July 1, 2005 (the "Wei He Trust"), her companies Ahomeland, 11 12 Inc. ("Ahomeland") and Golden Ark, Inc. ("Golden Ark"), and any other persons or entities determined to be related to or affiliated with Wei He who received transfers, 13 14 directly or indirectly, from the Receivership Entities. 15 Wei He, the Wei He Trust, and her companies, Ahomeland and Golden Ark ("Wei He Parties") collectively received, or are presently holding title to, two 16 17 residential real properties that were purchased with funds from the Receivership Entities in excess of \$5.3 million. These include the property located at 5088 18 Scholarship, Irvine, CA (the "Scholarship Property"), purchased for approximately 19 \$950,000, of which \$910,000 was paid by directly by the Receivership Entity 20 21 Ahome Real Estate, LLC ("Ahome"), and the property located at 363 Monterey

Pines Drive, Arcadia, CA (the "Monterey Pines Property"), which was purchased for 22

approximately \$4.4 million and funded almost entirely by Receivership Entity 23

Amkey, Inc. ("Amkey"). The Scholarship Property and the Monterey Pines 24

Property are together referred to herein as the "Properties"

In addition to the Properties, the Wei He Parties received or were the beneficiaries of various payments made by the Receivership Entities. These

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payments were paid directly to Wei He, her companies, or to third parties on her behalf and for her benefit, totaling in excess of \$1 million.

Based on the Receiver's investigation, the Receivership Entities do not appear to have received any value in exchange for the Properties, nor are there any records indicating any legitimate business reasons for the monies paid to Wei He or to third parties for her benefit. In short, the Wei He Parties obtained title to the Properties, which were paid for with money from the Receivership Entities, and received the benefit of over \$1 million in receivership funds, but the Receivership Entities appear to have received no value in exchange.

Accordingly, the Receiver seeks authority to pursue claims against the Wei He Parties to recover title to the Properties, the monies paid to Wei He or to third parties on her behalf, and any other assets she may have received from the Receivership Entities for which no value was provided in exchange. Because the Receiver's investigation and accounting of the transactions involving Wei He is ongoing, and because it appears there may be additional money and assets Wei He may have received, either directly or through other entities she may own or control, the Receiver plans to file his complaint within 60 days from entry of the Court's Order approving this Motion such that he can complete his investigation.

The Receiver further requests that the Court accept the action to be filed against the Wei He Parties as a related action to this action. This Court is familiar with the facts and circumstances of this action and the fraudulent scheme perpetrated by Steve Chen and the Entity Defendants. The Court's familiarity with his background will conserve judicial resources and assist in the efficient resolution of the claims against the Wei He Parties.

II. RELEVANT FACTS

A. The Scholarship and Monterey Pines Properties.

The Scholarship Property was purchased in November 2014 for approximately \$950,000. *See* Declaration of Thomas Seaman ("Seaman Decl."),

¶¶ 3-4, Ex. 1. As reflected in the escrow closing documents for this purchase, at least \$910,000 of the funding for the purchase was paid directly by Ahome to escrow to fund the purchase. *Id.* However, title to the property was taken in the name of Wei He's company, Ahomeland, by way of grant deed dated November 3, 4 5 2014, and title was then subsequently transferred to Wei He's other company, Golden Ark in or around September 2015 (a little over a week before this 6 7 enforcement action was commenced). *Id*. 8 The Monterey Pines Property was purchased in June 2015 for approximately 9 \$4.4 million. Id. at \P 5, Ex 2. Funding for this purchase came entirely from Amkey, 10 as reflected in escrow deposit receipts, wire transfer details, and cleared checks, 11 which show Amkey paid escrow a total of \$4,425,000 for the purchase of the 12 property. *Id.* However, title to the property was taken in the name of Wei He, as 13 Trustee of the Wei He Trust dated July 1, 2005. *Id*. 14 **B**. The Receivership Entities Paid In Excess of \$1 Million to Wei He 15 or to Third Parties for Her Benefit. 16 In addition to the Properties, in excess of \$1 million was paid by the 17 Receivership Entities either directly to Wei He and her companies, or to third parties on her behalf and for her benefit. Id. at \P 6. These payments were made over the 18 course of years and appear to have been used to pay for, among other things, Wei 19 He's debit card, where she appears to have accrued thousands or tens of thousands of 20 dollars in charges on a monthly basis, furniture and other expenditures for the 21 22 Properties, thousands of dollars in artwork, and various other charges. *Id.* 23 Based on the Receiver's review of the Receivership Entities' books and records, there do not appear to have been any legitimate business transactions underlying these payments, and the Receivership Entities did not appear to have 25 received any value in exchange for these payments. Id. at \P 7. Instead, it appears 26 27 Defendant Steve Chen simply used funds raised from investors to purchase the

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Properties for Wei He and pay her personal expenses. *Id*.

A. The Receiver's Demands.

Through his counsel, the Receiver has demanded the return of the Properties and discussed the matter of other financial transactions involving Wei He with her counsel. Declaration of Tim C. Hsu ("Hsu Decl."), ¶¶ 3-4. However, Wei He has not agreed to turn over title of the Properties or return any funds. *Id.* Rather, Wei He has demanded that she be allowed to pay the Receiver some undefined sum, and keep the Properties, along with the benefit of any inherent increase in value since the Properties were purchased. *Id.* Wei He has also contended that she is entitled to setoff for monies held in certain accounts that were frozen and turned over by the banks at the outset of this action. *Id.*

Notwithstanding her contentions, Wei He has provided no legal or factual justification for retaining any increase in value in the Properties, nor has she provided any documentary evidence to show she is entitled to a setoff. *Id*.

While the Receiver is continuing to investigate additional transactions involving Wei He and other entities she may own or control, based on the information and evidence gathered thus far, the Receiver believes there are strong fraudulent transfer and disgorgement claims against the Wei He Parties for recovery of the Properties and funds they received. Accordingly, the Receiver respectfully requests the Court grant him authority to bring a separate action to pursue claims against the Wei He Parties to recover the Properties and monies paid to Wei He or for her benefit, so that such assets and funds may be recovered for the benefit of the receivership estate. The Receiver further requests that the Court accept the ancillary action against the Wei He Parties as a related action in order to conserve judicial and receivership estate resources.

III. ARGUMENT

"The power of a district court to impose a receivership or grant other forms of ancillary relief does not in the first instance depend on a statutory grant of power from the securities laws. Rather, the authority derives from the inherent power of a

court of equity to fashion effective relief." SEC v. Wencke, 622 F.2d 1363, 1369 1 (9th Cir. 1980). The "primary purpose of equity receiverships is to promote orderly and efficient administration of the estate by the district court for the benefit of creditors." SEC v. Hardy, 803 F.2d 1034, 1038 (9th Cir. 1986). As the appointment 4 5 of a receiver is authorized by the broad equitable powers of the court, any distribution of assets must also be done equitably and fairly. See SEC v. Elliot, 6 7 953 F.2d 1560, 1569 (11th Cir. 1992). 8 District courts have the broad power of a court of equity to determine the 9 appropriate action in the administration and supervision of an equity receivership. See SEC v. Capital Consultants, LLC, 397 F.3d 733, 738 (9th Cir. 2005). The Ninth 10 11 Circuit explained: A district court's power to supervise an equity receivership 12 and to determine the appropriate action to be taken in the administration of the receivership is extremely broad. The district court has broad powers and wide discretion to 13 determine the appropriate relief in an equity receivership. The basis for this broad deference to the district court's 14 supervisory role in equity receiverships arises out of the 15 fact that most receiverships involve multiple parties and complex transactions. A district court's decision 16 concerning the supervision of an equitable receivership is reviewed for abuse of discretion. 17 Id. (citations omitted); see also Commodities Futures Trading Comm'n. v. 18 19 Topworth Int'l, Ltd., 205 F.3d 1107, 1115 (9th Cir. 1999) ("This court affords broad") deference' to the court's supervisory role, and 'we generally uphold reasonable 20 procedures instituted by the district court that serve th[e] purpose' of orderly and 21 22 efficient administration of the receivership for the benefit of creditors."). 23 Here, this Court has empowered the Receiver to, among other things, "to 24 employ attorneys, accountants, and other to investigate and, where appropriate, to institute, pursue, and prosecute all claims and causes of action ... which may now or 25 hereafter exist as a result of the activities of ... the Entity Defendants and their 26 27 subsidiaries and affiliates...." See Dkt. No. 13, p. 13. Based on the circumstances described herein, the Receiver believes it is appropriate to pursue claims against the 28

Wei He Parties to recover assets and funds they received from the Receivership Entities for the benefit of the receivership estate, and thus respectfully requests the Court grant him authority to do so. 3 The Properties Wei He Purchased and the Funds She Received Are 4 **A.** 5 **Subject To Disgorgement.** Under California's Uniform Fraudulent Transfer Act ("CUFTA"), Cal. Civ. 6 Code § 3439 et seq., a transfer is subject to avoidance and recovery when made 8 with (1) actual intent to defraud, or (2) constructive fraudulent intent based on the 9 lack of reasonably equivalent value provided in exchange. Cal. Civ. Code 10 § 3439.04(a). Intent to defraud is presumed when the payments were made from 11 entities operating a Ponzi scheme. *In re Cohen*, 199 B.R. 709,717 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 12 1996); see also Donell v. Kowell, 533 F.3d 762, 767 (9th Cir. 2007); In re AFI 13 Holding, Inc., 525 F.3d 700, 704 (9th Cir. 2008). Federal equity receivers have standing to pursue fraudulent transfer claims on behalf of entities in receivership. 14 Donell, 533 F.3d at 776-777. 15 16 Here, the Wei He Parties received, either directly or indirectly, title to the 17 Properties and in excess of at least \$1 million from the Receivership Entities without providing any value in return. Title to the Properties was taken by the Wei He 18 19 Parties, but they paid little to no money for the Properties and the purchases were funded almost entirely by Receivership Entities Ahome and Amkey. In addition to 20 the Properties, the Receivership Entities paid to Wei He, or to third parties for her 22 benefit, in excess of \$1 million. These payments do not appear to have been made for any legitimate business purposes, and the Receivership Entities do not appear 23 24 have received any value in exchange for these payments. 25 While Wei He has claimed entitlement to the benefits of any increase in value of the Properties and further claimed an unspecified right to setoff, the Receiver 26 27 does not believe that any legal or factual basis exists that would justify her demands, nor has Wei He provided any documentary evidence to support her contentions. 28

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Accordingly, based on the evidence the Receiver has obtained and reviewed, and further evidence that may be developed in discovery concerning the fraudulent nature of these transactions, the Receiver believes meritorious claims exists against the Wei He Parties for fraudulent transfer, which claims are supported by the substantial evidence the Receiver has already uncovered. The Receiver further believes that additional information supporting such claims will likely be found through discovery and thus respectfully requests this Court exercise its broad equitable discretion and authorize the Receiver to file a separate action to pursue such claims.

B. The Receiver Will Endeavor to Keep Costs to a Minimum and Continue to Evaluate the Likely Benefit to the Receivership Estate.

The Receiver has consulted with his counsel, Allen Matkins, and believes the legal fees for the action could be as low as \$15,000 in the event of a prompt settlement, and as much as \$250,000 in the event of a full trial. *See* Seaman Decl., ¶ 8. The Receiver believes a full trial is highly unlikely and the case will likely be resolved via settlement or summary judgment with legal fees of \$100,000 or less. *Id.* As with all matters, the Receiver and Allen Matkins will make every effort to minimize administrative expenses associated with the proposed action. *Id.*

Throughout the litigation, the Receiver and Allen Matkins will continue to monitor the costs and likely net benefit to the receivership estate. Id. at \P 9. In his discretion, the Receiver may conduct asset investigations to aid in assessing collectability of a judgment. Id. Notices of this receivership have already been recorded against the Properties, which significantly reduces the likelihood that these assets (which likely have a combined value in excess of \$5.5 million) could be liquidated or encumbered to avoid a judgment being enforced against them. Id.

After reviewing the available evidence, weighing the merits of the proposed claims against the Wei He Parties, and assessing the anticipated costs of litigation and likelihood of success and collectability, the Receiver believes, in his reasonable

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business judgment, that it is in the best interest of the receivership estate to pursue 1 such claims, and respectfully requests the Court issue an order authorizing him to do 3 so. *Id.* at ¶ 10. Finally, because the Receiver's investigation and accounting of the 4 transactions involving Wei He remains ongoing, and because it appears there may 5 be other money and assets Wei He may have received, either directly or through 6 7 other entities she may own or control, the Receiver plans to file his complaint within 60 days from entry of the Court's Order approving this Motion. *Id.* at ¶ 11. During 8 this additional time, the Receiver intends to obtain additional bank records, determine whether additional persons or entities should be named as defendants, and 10 complete his analysis of potential claims. *Id*. 11 12 IV. **CONCLUSION** 13 Based on the foregoing, the Receiver respectfully requests an order authorizing him to pursue fraudulent transfer and disgorgement claims against the 14 Wei He Parties and similar claims against any other individuals or entities related to 15 or affiliated with Wei He who received transfers, directly or indirectly, from the 16 Receivership Entities. 17 18 Dated: October 17, 2017 ALLEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE 19 MALLORY & NATSIS LLP 20 DAVID R. ZARO EDWARD G. FATES TIM C. HSU 21 22 By: /s/ Tim C. Hsu 23 TIM C. HSU Attorneys for Receiver 24 THOMAS SEAMAN 25 26 27 28 -13-

LAW OFFICES

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